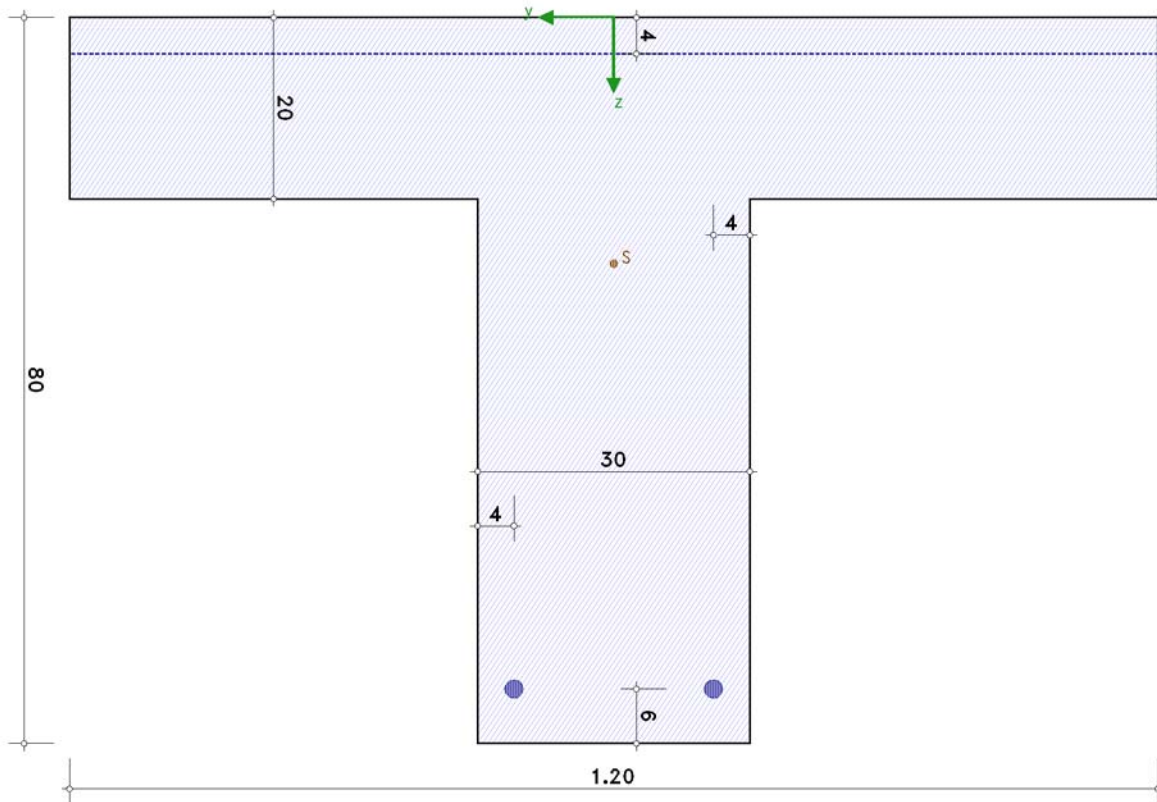


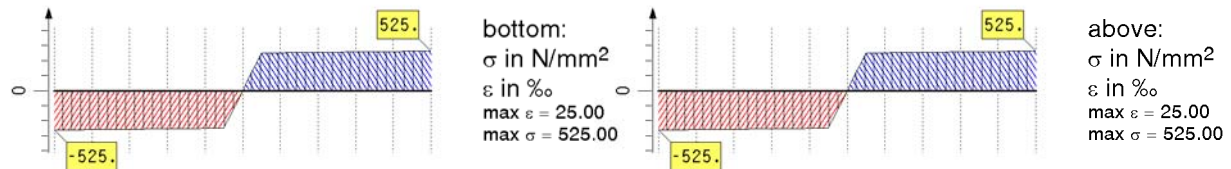
## 1. input protocol



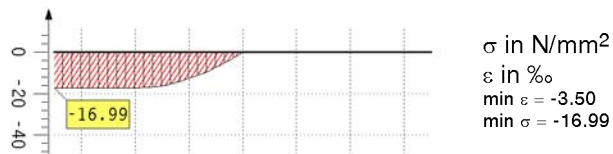
### 1.1. building material

reinforcing steel bottom B500A, above B500A, concrete C30/37

stress-strain line of reinforcing steel: EC 2-1-1, 3.2.7 (bilinear)



stress-strain line of concrete: EC 2-1-1, 3.1.7 (parabola-rectangle diagram)



### 1.2. material safety factors

design situation: basic combination

design resistance: concrete  $\gamma_c = 1.50$ , reinforcement  $\gamma_s = 1.15$

### 1.3. cross section

T-beam:  $h = 80.0$  cm,  $b = 30.0$  cm,  $h_p = 20.0$  cm,  $b_p = 120.0$  cm

axis distances:  $d_o = 4.0$  cm,  $d_u = 6.0$  cm,  $d_s = 4.0$  cm

base reinforcement:  $A_{so0} = \emptyset 6 / 0.0 = 0.00$  cm<sup>2</sup>/m,  $A_{su0} = 2 \emptyset 20 = 6.28$  cm<sup>2</sup>,  $a_{sbv0} = \emptyset 8 / 30.0 = 3.35$  cm<sup>2</sup>/m (2-cut)

max. reinforcement ratio  $\rho_s = 8.00\%$

## 1.4. durability and concrete cover

minimum strength class, concrete cover for  $\varnothing_s = 6$  mm,  $\varnothing_{sb} = 8$  mm

due to reinforcement corrosion X0  $\Rightarrow$  C12/15,  $c_{min} = 10$  mm,  $\Delta c = 10$  mm,  $c_{nom} = c_{min} + \Delta c = 20$  mm

minimum concrete quality C12/15 with  $f_{ck} = 12.0$  N/mm<sup>2</sup> < 30.0 N/mm<sup>2</sup> **ok**

minimum axial spacing  $\min d = c_{nom} + \varnothing_{sb} + \varnothing_s/2 = 31$  mm

minimum strength class, concrete cover for  $\varnothing_s = 20$  mm,  $\varnothing_{sb} = 8$  mm

due to reinforcement corrosion XC3  $\Rightarrow$  C20/25,  $c_{min} = \varnothing_s = 20$  mm,  $\Delta c = 15$  mm,  $c_{nom} = c_{min} + \Delta c = 35$  mm

due to concrete attack XA1  $\Rightarrow$  C25/30

minimum concrete quality C25/30 with  $f_{ck} = 25.0$  N/mm<sup>2</sup> < 30.0 N/mm<sup>2</sup> **ok**

minimum axial spacing  $\min d = c_{nom} + \varnothing_{sb} + \varnothing_s/2 = 53$  mm

## 1.5. design parameters

### 1.5.1. bending/shear design

#### 1.5.1.1. bending design

minimum reinforcement for beams

limiting the compression zone height to  $x = 0.617 \cdot d$

minimum center of compression normal force

#### 1.5.1.2. shear design

only the web is designed !!

reinforcing steel like flexural reinforcement

shear force

angle of the shear force reinforcement  $\alpha = 90^\circ$

simplified approach of the compression strut angle

with minimum reinforcement (beam)

inner lever arm  $z = 0.9 \cdot d \leq d - 2 \cdot c_{v,l} \leq d - c_{v,l} - 3$  cm

with concrete cover to longitudinal reinforcement in the compress. zone  $c_{v,l} = 3.0$  cm

limit the design value of the shear force resistance without shear force reinforcement  $V_{Rd,c}$

connection of the belts to the web:

maximum difference moment  $|\Delta M_{Ed}| = 135.240$  kNm, corresponding entry length  $a_v = 50.0$  cm

sum of the reinforcement portion transferred to the belt sides  $\Sigma = 60\%$

shear force transmission in horizontal joints:

design value of the shear force to be transmitted via the joint  $v_{Ed,i} = \beta_i \cdot v_{Ed}$  with  $\beta_i = 1.00$

design value of the normal force acting perpendicular to the joint  $n_{Ed} = 0.10$  kN/m

contact surface (web width)  $b_j = 30.0$  cm, rough joint surface

torsion

effective thickness of a wall  $t_{eff}$  acc. to design code

#### 1.5.1.3. design calculation values

lc 1:  $M_{y,Ed} = 283.60$  kNm,  $V_{z,Ed} = 321.80$  kN

## 2. bending/shear design

### material properties

bending design:

concrete acc. to EC 2, 3.1.7(1): C30/37,  $\varepsilon_{c2} = -2.00\text{‰}$ ,  $\varepsilon_{cu2} = -3.50\text{‰}$ ,  $f_{cd} = 17.00$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>

reinf. bottom acc. to EC 2, 3.2.7(2a): B500A,  $\varepsilon_{ud} = 25.0\text{‰}$ ,  $f_{yd} = 434.78$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>,  $f_{td} = 456.52$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>,  $E_s = 200000.0$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>

reinf. above acc. to EC 2, 3.2.7(2a): B500A,  $\varepsilon_{ud} = 25.0\text{‰}$ ,  $f_{yd} = 434.78$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>,  $f_{td} = 456.52$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>,  $E_s = 200000.0$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>

shear design:

$\sigma$ - $\varepsilon$  line acc. to EC 2, 3.2.7(2a): B500A,  $\varepsilon_{ud} = 25.00\text{‰}$ ,  $f_{yd} = 434.78$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>,  $f_{td} = 456.52$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>,  $E_s = 200000.0$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>

### 2.1. lc 1

#### 2.1.1. bending design (EC 2, 6.1)

bending/normal force

design calculation values:  $N_{Ed} = 0.00$  kN,  $M_{Ed} = 283.60$  kNm

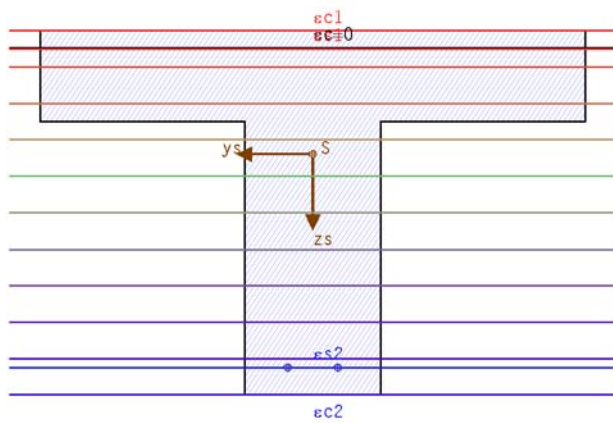
design aid values:

statische Höhe  $d = 74.0$  cm, Hebelarm der inneren Kräfte  $z = 74.0$  cm, concretedruckzonenhöhe  $x = 3.71$  cm

reinforcement

$A_{so} = 0.00$  cm<sup>2</sup>,  $A_{su} = 8.55$  cm<sup>2</sup>

limit strains



strains in the fracture state (ULS)

most pressed concrete fiber  $\varepsilon_{c1} = -1.321\text{‰}$ , most drawn steel fiber  $\varepsilon_{s2} = 25.000\text{‰}$   
most drawn concrete fiber  $\varepsilon_{c2} = 27.134\text{‰}$ , most pressed steel fiber  $\varepsilon_{s1} = 0.102\text{‰}$   
directional angle of the main strain  $\alpha_k = 90.00^\circ$

### 2.1.2. shear design (EC 2, 6.2)

shear force (EC 2, 6.2)

design shear force  $V_{Ed} = 321.80 \text{ kN}$

longitudinal reinforcement ratio in the compress. zone  $\rho_l = 0.39\%$ , lever arm of internal forces  $z' = 66.6 \text{ cm}$

compression zone height  $x = 3.71 \text{ cm}$ , shear force resistance without shear force reinforcement  $V_{Rd,c} = 76.27 \text{ kN}$

compression strut angle  $\Theta = 39.81^\circ$  ( $\cot \Theta = 1.200$ ), maximum shear force resistance  $V_{Rd,max} = 1252.84 \text{ kN}$

utilization range  $AB = 1$  for  $|V_{Ed}|/V_{Rd,max} = 0.257$

tensile force component in the longitudinal reinforcement due to shear force  $\Delta F_{s,Ed} = 193.08 \text{ kN}$

stirrup reinforcement  $a_{sbv} = 9.26 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

shear forces between beam web and belt (EC 2, 6.2.4)

longitudinal shear stress  $v_{Ed,f} = 76.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$

compression strut angle (simplified)  $\Theta_f = 39.81^\circ$  ( $\cot \Theta_f = 1.2$ ), maximum shear resistance  $v_{Rd,max,f} = 627.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$

transverse reinforcement per section length  $a_{sf} = A_{sf}/s_f = 2.92 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

shear force transmission in joints (EC 2, 6.2.5)

design shear force  $V_{Ed} = 321.80 \text{ kN}$

design value of shear force to be transmitted  $v_{Ed,i} = \beta_i \cdot V_{Ed}/(z_i \cdot b_i) = 1610.6 \text{ kN/m}^2$

lever arm of the composite section  $z_i = 66.6 \text{ cm}$

shear force capacity from joint roughness  $v_{Rdi,c} = c \cdot f_{ctd} + \mu \cdot \sigma_n = -0.2 \text{ kN/m}^2$

maximum shear resistance in der Fuge  $v_{Rdi,max} = 0.5 \cdot v \cdot f_{cd} = 4250.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$

interlocking reinforcement  $a_{sbi} = 13.23 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

reinforcement

$a_{sbv} = 9.26 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $a_{sf} = 2.92 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $a_{sbi} = 13.23 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

messages for calculation run

shear design: longitudinal reinforcement considered

### 2.1.3. minimum reinforcement (EC 2, 9.2.1.1(1))

bending/normal force

design calculation values:  $N_{Ed} = 0.00 \text{ kN}$ ,  $M_{Ed} = 124.16 \text{ kNm}$

reinforcement

$A_{so} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$ ,  $A_{su} = 3.39 \text{ cm}^2$

## 2.2. result

resulting reinforcement:  $A_{so} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$ ,  $A_{su} = 8.55 \text{ cm}^2$

$a_{sbv} = 9.26 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $a_{sbT} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $A_{sT} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$ ,  $a_{sf} = 2.92 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $a_{sbi} = 13.23 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

incl. base reinforcement:  $A_{so} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$ ,  $A_{su} = 8.55 \text{ cm}^2$

$a_{sbv} = 9.26 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $a_{sbT} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $A_{sT} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$ ,  $a_{sf} = 2.92 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $a_{sbi} = 13.23 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

## 3. final result

maximum reinforcement:  $A_{so} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$ ,  $A_{su} = 8.55 \text{ cm}^2$

$a_{sbv} = 9.26 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $a_{sbT} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $A_{sT} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$ ,  $a_{sf} = 2.92 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ ,  $a_{sbi} = 13.23 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

design resistance ensured

## 4. selected reinforcement

lateral concrete cover  $c_{vr} = 2.0 \text{ cm}$

bottom:

concrete cover  $c_{vu} = 3.5 \text{ cm}$

longitudinal reinforcement from bending and normal force  $3 \times \text{Ø}20$

reinforcement exst  $A_{su} = 9.42 \text{ cm}^2 > \text{req } A_{su} = 8.55 \text{ cm}^2$  ok

bar distance min  $d_{vu} = 4.0 \text{ cm}$

center distance ext  $d_u = 5.5 \text{ cm} < d_u = 6.00 \text{ cm}^2$  **ok**

above:

concrete cover  $c_{vo} = 2.0 \text{ cm}$

center distance ext  $d_o = 3.0 \text{ cm} < d_o = 4.00 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$  **ok**

belt plate bottom:

concrete cover  $c_{vp} = 2.0 \text{ cm}$

reinforcement mat R188

reinforcement ext  $A_{sp} = 1.69 \text{ cm}^2$

bar distance min  $d_{vp} = 2.6 \text{ cm}$

shear reinforcement:

stirrup reinforcement from shear force incl. bond  $\emptyset 10 / 20.0 \text{ cm}$ , 4-cut

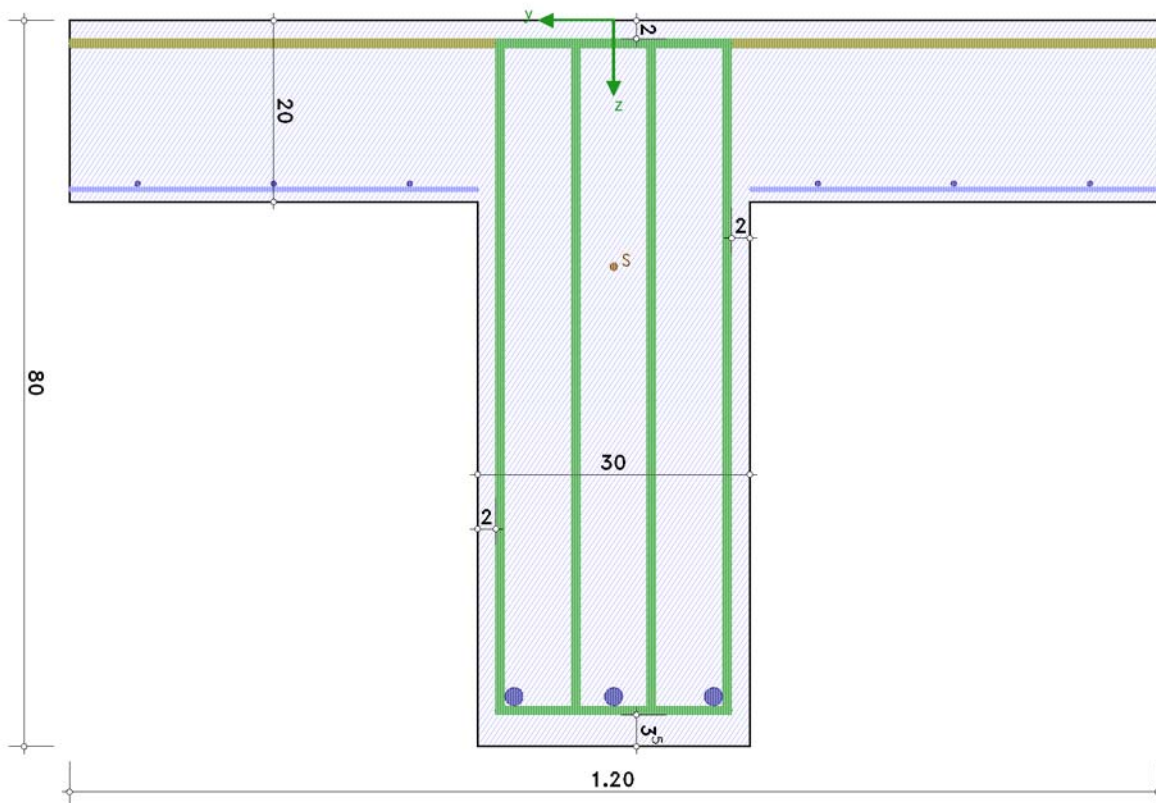
reinforcement ext  $a_{sbv} = 15.71 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} > \text{req } a_{sbv} = 13.23 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$  **ok**

transverse reinforcement in the belt:

above:  $\emptyset 10 / 20.0 \text{ cm}$

reinforcement ext  $a_{sfo} = 3.93 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} > \text{req } a_{sfo} = 2.92 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$  **ok**

graphic:



## 5. regulations

EN 1990, Eurocode 0: Grundlagen der Tragwerksplanung;

Deutsche Fassung EN 1990:2002 + A1:2005 + A1:2005/AC:2010, Ausgabe Dezember 2010

EN 1990/NA, Nationaler Anhang zur EN 1990, Ausgabe Dezember 2010

EN 1992-1-1, Eurocode 2: Bemessung und Konstruktion von Stahlbeton- und Spannbetonbauteilen -

Teil 1-1: Allgemeine Bemessungsregeln und Regeln für den Hochbau;

Deutsche Fassung EN 1992-1-1:2004 + AC:2010, Ausgabe Januar 2011

EN 1992-1-1/NA, Nationaler Anhang zur EN 1992-1-1, Ausgabe April 2013