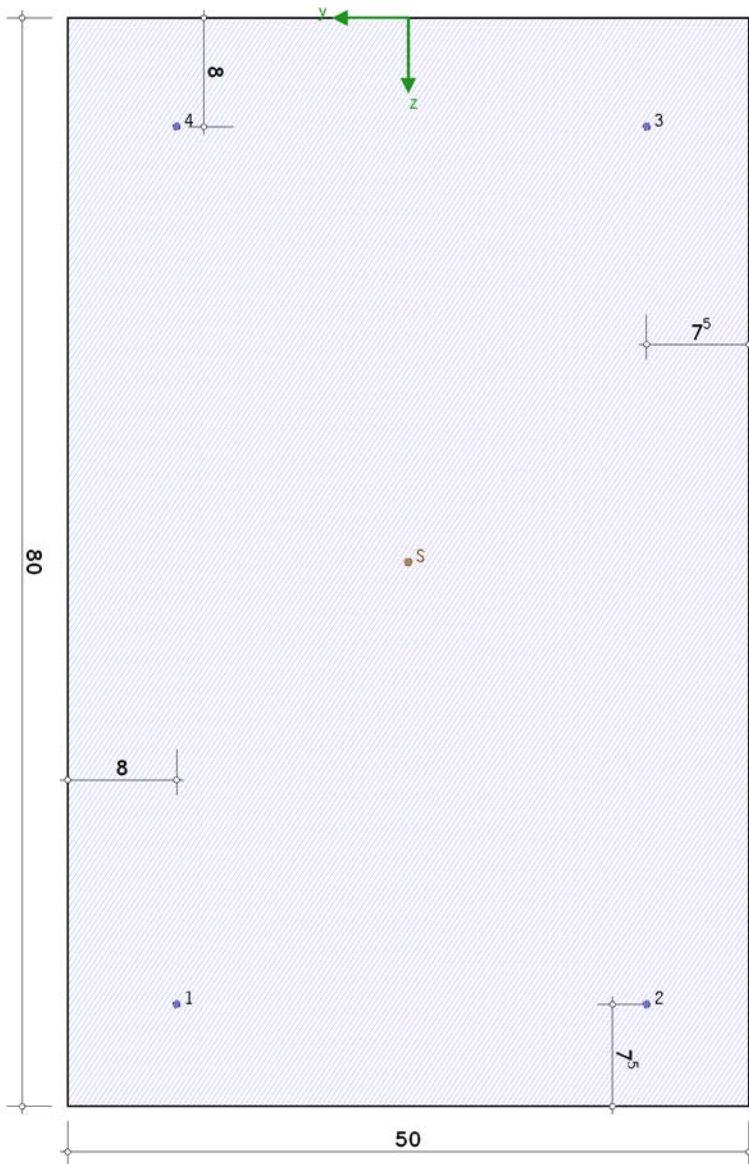


POS. 24: RECTANGLEQUERSCHNITT

reinforced concrete design EC 2 (1.11), NA: Deutschland

4H-EC2QB Version: 10/2023-1b

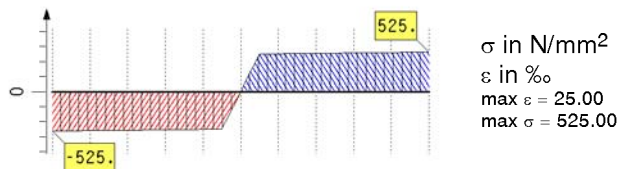
1. input protocol



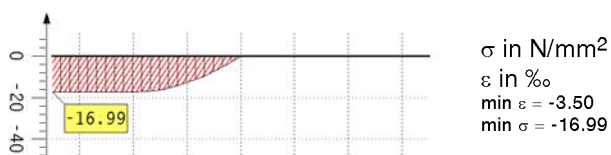
1.1. building material

reinforcing steel B500A, concrete C30/37

stress-strain line of reinforcing steel: EC 2-1-1, 3.2.7 (bilinear)



stress-strain line of concrete: EC 2-1-1, 3.1.7 (parabola-rectangle diagram)



1.2. material safety factors

design situation: basic combination

design resistance: concrete $\gamma_c = 1.50$, reinforcement $\gamma_s = 1.15$

1.3. cross section

rectangle: $h = 80.0$ cm, $b = 50.0$ cm

reinforcement variant 2: single reinforcement bar

no	y cm	z cm	Grp	A _{s0} cm ²	A _{s1} cm ²	Rng
1	17.0	72.5	1	0.00	10.00	-
2	-17.5	72.5	2	0.00	10.00	-
3	-17.5	8.0	3	0.00	10.00	-
4	17.0	8.0	4	0.00	10.00	-

y,z: coordinates relative to origin; Grp: reinforcement group; A_{s0}: base/minimum reinforcement; A_{s1}: maximum reinforcement
Rng: design sequence of reinforcement groups variable per load case

axis distances: $d_o = 8.0$ cm, $d_u = 7.5$ cm, $d_l = 8.0$ cm, $d_r = 7.5$ cm

max. reinforcement ratio $\rho_s = 8.00\%$

1.4. durability and concrete cover

minimum strength class, concrete cover

due to reinforcement corrosion X0 \Rightarrow C12/15, $c_{min} = 10$ mm ($\geq \varnothing_s$!!), $\Delta c = 10$ mm, $c_{nom} = c_{min} + \Delta c = 20$ mm

minimum concrete quality C12/15 with $f_{ck} = 12.0$ N/mm² < 30.0 N/mm² ok

1.5. design parameters

1.5.1. bending/shear design

1.5.1.1. bending design

minimum reinforcement for beams

ranking automatically (variable per load case)

minimum center of compression normal force

1.5.1.2. shear design

reinforcing steel like flexural reinforcement

shear force

angle of the shear force reinforcement $\alpha = 90^\circ$

simplified approach of the compression strut angle

with minimum reinforcement (beam)

inner lever arm $z = 0.9 \cdot d \leq d - 2 \cdot c_{v,l} \leq d - c_{v,l} - 3$ cm

with concrete cover to longitudinal reinforcement in the compress. zone $c_{v,l} = 3.0$ cm

limit the design value of the shear force resistance without shear force reinforcement $V_{Rd,c}$

torsion

effective thickness of a wall t_{eff} acc. to design code

1.5.1.3. design calculation values

lc	N _{Ed} kN	M _{y,Ed} kNm	V _{z,Ed} kN	M _{z,Ed} kNm	V _{y,Ed} kN	
1	-742.03	39.43	-9.86	-174.55	-38.24	Import lc 1
2	-96.56	-270.04	52.51	24.01	6.00	Import lc 2
3	-691.63	34.01	-8.50	-266.32	-57.58	Import lc 3
4	-655.63	39.43	-9.86	-29.08	-7.27	Import lc 4
5	-240.56	-270.04	52.51	-218.45	-45.61	Import lc 5
6	-218.99	15.83	-3.96	-8.68	-2.17	Import lc 6
7	-668.58	-132.09	24.02	-154.94	-33.33	Import lc 7
8	-534.56	-255.29	48.82	-232.62	-49.16	Import lc 8
9	-253.63	19.26	-4.81	-9.69	-2.42	Import lc 9

2. note

shear design: in the case of biaxial loading, each direction is examined separately

3. bending/shear design

material properties

bending design:

concrete acc. to EC 2, 3.1.7(1): C30/37, $\epsilon_{c2} = -2.00\%$, $\epsilon_{cu2} = -3.50\%$, $f_{cd} = 17.00$ N/mm²

σ - ϵ line acc. to EC 2, 3.2.7(2a): B500A, $\epsilon_{ud} = 25.0\%$, $f_{yd} = 434.78$ N/mm², $f_{td} = 456.52$ N/mm², $E_s = 200000.0$ N/mm²

shear design:

σ - ϵ line acc. to EC 2, 3.2.7(2a): B500A, $\epsilon_{ud} = 25.0\%$, $f_{yd} = 434.78$ N/mm², $f_{td} = 456.52$ N/mm², $E_s = 200000.0$ N/mm²

3.1. results table

1c	N _{Ed} kN	M _{y,Ed} kNm	V _{z,Ed} kN	M _{z,Ed} kNm	V _{y,Ed} kN	A _{s1} cm ²	A _{s3} cm ²	A _{s4} cm ²	a _{sbv} cm ² /m
1	-742.03	39.43	-9.86	-174.55	-38.24	0.36	---	0.36	7.41
2	-96.56	-270.04	52.51	24.01	6.00	---	3.75	3.75	7.41
3	-691.63	34.01	-8.50	-266.32	-57.58	3.59	---	3.59	7.41
4	-655.63	39.43	-9.86	-29.08	-7.27	---	---	---	7.41
5	-240.56	-270.04	52.51	-218.45	-45.61	0.31	---	10.00	7.41
6	-218.99	15.83	-3.96	-8.68	-2.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.41
7	-668.58	-132.09	24.02	-154.94	-33.33	---	---	0.98	7.41
8	-534.56	-255.29	48.82	-232.62	-49.16	---	---	7.86	7.41
9	-253.63	19.26	-4.81	-9.69	-2.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.41
		0.00		-96.55		2.35	---	2.35	min reinf.
		-154.48		0.00		---	2.19	2.19	min reinf.

N, M_y, V_z, M_z, V_y: design calculation values; A_s: flexural reinforcement; a_{sbv}: shear reinforcement

3.2. 1c 5 (decisive)

3.2.1. bending design (EC 2, 6.1)

design calculation values: N_{Ed} = -240.56 kN, M_{y,Ed} = -270.04 kNm, M_{z,Ed} = -218.45 kNm

limit strains: ε_{c1} = -3.500‰, ε_{s1} = -1.555‰, ε_{s2} = 8.820‰, ε_{c2} = 10.895‰, α_k = 347.31°

design aid values: d = 56.8 cm, z = 58.7 cm, x = 16.13 cm

reinforcement (bending/normal force): A_{s1} = 0.31 cm², A_{s2} = 0.00 cm², A_{s3} = 0.00 cm², A_{s4} = 10.00 cm²

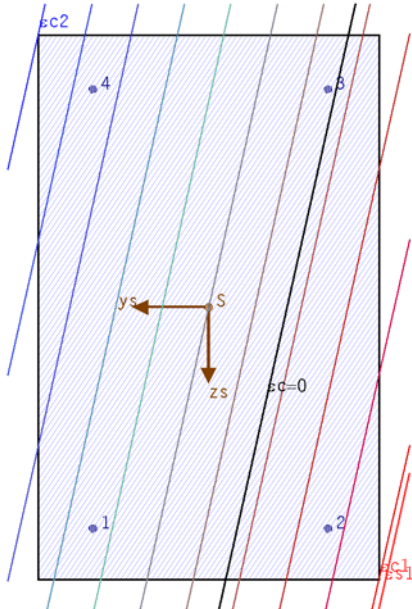
messages for calculation run

bending design: bar-shaped compression member

notes

the longitudinal reinforcement of bar-shaped compression members is to be enclosed by shear reinforcement acc. to EC 2, 9.5.3

limit strains



limit strains: ε_{c1} = -3.500‰, ε_{s1} = -1.555‰, ε_{s2} = 8.820‰, ε_{c2} = 10.895‰, α_k = 347.31°

3.2.2. shear design (EC 2, 6.2) - each in the coordinate directions

shear force in y-direction

design shear force V_{y,Ed} = 45.61 kN

design aid values: ρ_{ly} = 0.31‰, z_y' = 36.0 cm, V_{y,Rd,c} = 165.77 kN, Θ_y = 39.81°, V_{y,Rd,max} = 1805.90 kN,

AB_y = 1 for V_{y,Ed}/V_{y,Rd,max} = 0.025, ΔF_{ys,Ed} = 27.37 kN

reinforcement a_{sbv,y} = 7.41 cm²/m

shear force in z-direction

design shear force V_{z,Ed} = 52.51 kN

design aid values: ρ_{lz} = 0.29‰, z_z' = 64.8 cm, V_{z,Rd,c} = 138.57 kN, Θ_z = 39.81°, V_{z,Rd,max} = 2031.64 kN,

AB_z = 1 for V_{z,Ed}/V_{z,Rd,max} = 0.026, ΔF_{zs,Ed} = 31.51 kN

reinforcement a_{sbv,z} = 4.63 cm²/m

reinforcement total

a_{sbv} = 7.41 cm²/m

messages for calculation run

shear design: minimum reinforcement (s. EC 2, 9.2.2)

shear design: longitudinal reinforcement considered

3.3. result

resulting reinforcement: $A_{s1} = 3.59 \text{ cm}^2$, $A_{s2} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$, $A_{s3} = 3.75 \text{ cm}^2$, $A_{s4} = 10.00 \text{ cm}^2$
 $a_{sbV} = 7.41 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$, $a_{sbT} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$, $A_{sT} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$

4. final result

maximum reinforcement: $A_{s1} = 3.59 \text{ cm}^2$, $A_{s2} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$, $A_{s3} = 3.75 \text{ cm}^2$, $A_{s4} = 10.00 \text{ cm}^2$
 $a_{sbV} = 7.41 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$, $a_{sbT} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$, $A_{sT} = 0.00 \text{ cm}^2$

design resistance ensured

5. selected reinforcement

concrete cover $c_v = 5.0 \text{ cm}$

group 1: minimum strength class, concrete cover for $\varnothing_s = 25 \text{ mm}$, $\varnothing_{sb} = 10 \text{ mm}$

due to reinforcement corrosion X0 \Rightarrow C12/15, $c_{min} = \varnothing_s = 25 \text{ mm}$, $\Delta c = 10 \text{ mm}$, $c_{nom} = c_{min} + \Delta c = 35 \text{ mm} < c_v = 50 \text{ mm}$ **ok**

minimum concrete quality C12/15 with $f_{ck} = 12.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 < 30.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$ **ok**

minimum axial spacing $\min d = c_v + \varnothing_{sb} + \varnothing_s/2 = 73 \text{ mm} < \text{clc } d = 75 \text{ mm}$ **ok**

group 2: minimum strength class, concrete cover for $\varnothing_s = 25 \text{ mm}$, $\varnothing_{sb} = 10 \text{ mm}$

due to reinforcement corrosion X0 \Rightarrow C12/15, $c_{min} = \varnothing_s = 25 \text{ mm}$, $\Delta c = 10 \text{ mm}$, $c_{nom} = c_{min} + \Delta c = 35 \text{ mm} < c_v = 50 \text{ mm}$ **ok**

minimum concrete quality C12/15 with $f_{ck} = 12.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 < 30.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$ **ok**

minimum axial spacing $\min d = c_v + \varnothing_{sb} + \varnothing_s/2 = 73 \text{ mm} < \text{clc } d = 75 \text{ mm}$ **ok**

group 3: minimum strength class, concrete cover for $\varnothing_s = 25 \text{ mm}$, $\varnothing_{sb} = 10 \text{ mm}$

due to reinforcement corrosion X0 \Rightarrow C12/15, $c_{min} = \varnothing_s = 25 \text{ mm}$, $\Delta c = 10 \text{ mm}$, $c_{nom} = c_{min} + \Delta c = 35 \text{ mm} < c_v = 50 \text{ mm}$ **ok**

minimum concrete quality C12/15 with $f_{ck} = 12.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 < 30.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$ **ok**

minimum axial spacing $\min d = c_v + \varnothing_{sb} + \varnothing_s/2 = 73 \text{ mm} < \text{clc } d = 75 \text{ mm}$ **ok**

group 4: minimum strength class, concrete cover for $\varnothing_s = 28 \text{ mm}$, $\varnothing_{sb} = 10 \text{ mm}$

due to reinforcement corrosion X0 \Rightarrow C12/15, $c_{min} = \varnothing_s = 28 \text{ mm}$, $\Delta c = 10 \text{ mm}$, $c_{nom} = c_{min} + \Delta c = 38 \text{ mm} < c_v = 50 \text{ mm}$ **ok**

minimum concrete quality C12/15 with $f_{ck} = 12.0 \text{ N/mm}^2 < 30.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$ **ok**

minimum axial spacing $\min d = c_v + \varnothing_{sb} + \varnothing_s/2 = 74 \text{ mm} < \text{clc } d = 80 \text{ mm}$ **ok**

flexural reinforcement:

Grp	n_s	\varnothing_s mm	exst A_s cm^2	req A_s cm^2	exst d cm	clc d cm	
1	1	25	4.91 \geq	3.59	7.25 \leq	7.50	ok
2	1	25	4.91	0.00	7.25 \leq	7.50	not ok !!
3	1	25	4.91 \geq	3.75	7.25 \leq	7.50	ok
4	1	28	6.16 $<$	10.00	7.40 \leq	8.00	not ok !!

Grp: reinforcement group; n_s , \varnothing_s : number and bar diameter per group; exst A_s : existing reinforcement of one group

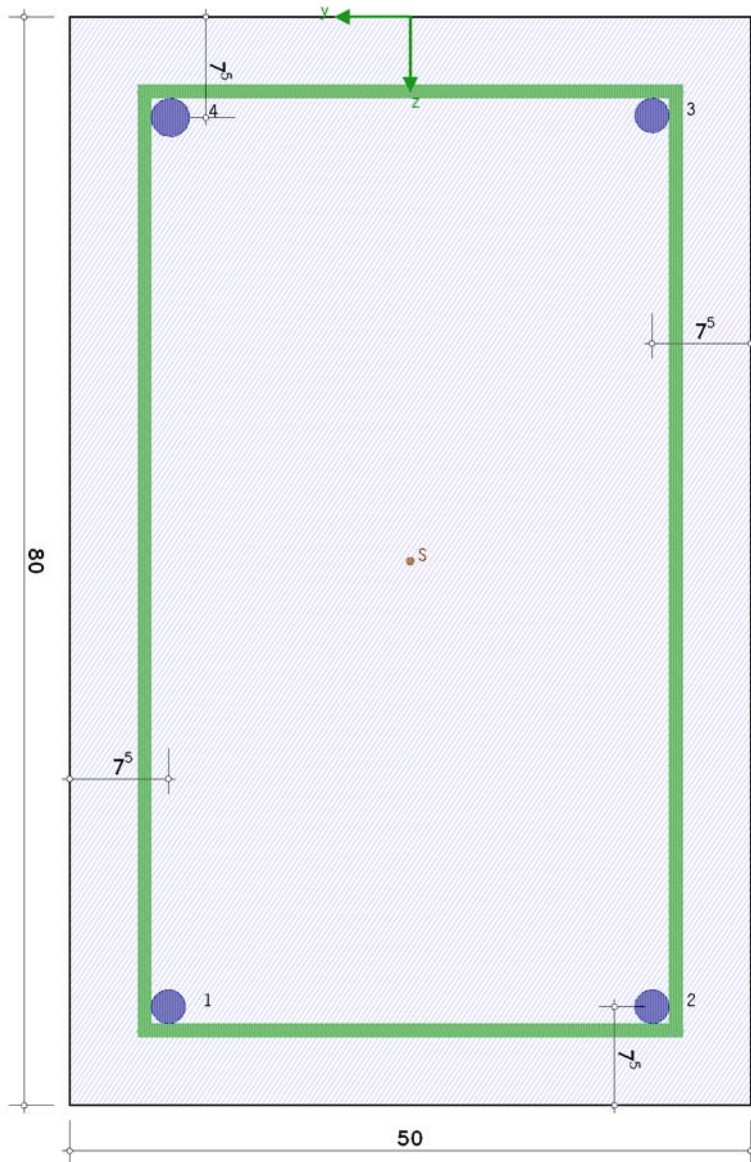
req A_s : required reinforcement of one group; exst d : existing center distance of the group; clc d : calculation center distance of the group

shear reinforcement:

stirrup reinforcement from shear force $\varnothing 10 / 20.0 \text{ cm}$, 2-cut

reinforcement exst $a_{sbV} = 7.85 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} > \text{req } a_{sbV} = 7.41 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$ **ok**

graphic:



6. regulations

EN 1990, Eurocode 0: Grundlagen der Tragwerksplanung;

Deutsche Fassung EN 1990:2002 + A1:2005 + A1:2005/AC:2010, Ausgabe Dezember 2010

EN 1990/NA, Nationaler Anhang zur EN 1990, Ausgabe Dezember 2010

EN 1992-1-1, Eurocode 2: Bemessung und Konstruktion von Stahlbeton- und Spannbetonbauteilen -

Teil 1-1: Allgemeine Bemessungsregeln und Regeln für den Hochbau;

Deutsche Fassung EN 1992-1-1:2004 + AC:2010, Ausgabe Januar 2011

EN 1992-1-1/NA, Nationaler Anhang zur EN 1992-1-1, Ausgabe April 2013